New York City Mission Society

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors New York City Mission Society New York, New York

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of New York City Mission Society, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of New York City Mission Society as of June 30, 2024, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial" Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of New York City Mission Society and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about New York City Mission Society's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of New York City Mission Society's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about New York City Mission Society's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the June 30, 2023, financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated December 5, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

New York, New York December 18, 2024

New York City Mission Society Statement of Financial Position June 30, 2024 (With Summarized Financial Information for June 30, 2023)

		2024		2023
ASSETS				
Cash	\$	2,161,428	\$	1,693,820
Grants receivable		2,598,648		3,644,192
Contribution receivable		165,533		130,738
Prepaid expenses		60,717		109,543
Investments		43,979,179		39,818,222
Property and equipment, net		548,759		578,708
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust		6,690,561		6,246,862
Total Assets	\$_	56,204,825	\$	52,222,085
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	970,445	\$	602,180
Total liabilities		970,445		602,180
Net Assets				
Without donor restrictions		41,103,586		38,709,986
With donor restrictions				
Perpetual in nature		11,800,250		11,356,551
Endowment accumulated investment gains		2,166,408		1,538,368
Purpose restrictions		164,136		15,000
Net assets with donor restrictions		14,130,794		12,909,919
Total Net Assets		55,234,380		51,619,905
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	_\$	56,204,825	\$	52,222,085

New York City Mission Society Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024 (With Summarized Financial Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2023)

			То	tal
	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	2024	2023
Operating Revenues, Gains, and Other Support	A 550 500	•	* 550 500	447.454
Contributions Contributed services Grants from government agencies Investment income from beneficial	\$ 558,502 392,305 7,831,430	\$ - 149,136	\$ 558,502 392,305 7,980,566	447,151 162,008 10,774,823
interest in perpetual trust Occupancy and other income	329,640 1,211,959		329,640 1,211,959	286,299 1,181,410
Total Operating Revenues, Gains, and Other Support	10,323,836	149,136	10,472,972	12,851,691
Operating Expenses Program services				
Youth and family programs Young adult programs	3,887,237 4,716,472		3,887,237 4,716,472	4,004,920 5,358,920
Total program services	8,603,709	-	8,603,709	9,363,840
Supporting services Management and general Fundraising and public relations	2,256,598 602,847	<u>-</u>	2,256,598 602,847	1,663,407 526,166
Total Operating Expenses	11,463,154		11,463,154	11,553,413
Change in Net Assets From Operations	(1,139,318)	149,136	(990,182)	1,298,278
Nonoperating Revenues and Gains Investment return Gain on beneficial interest in	3,532,918	628,040	4,160,958	2,726,883
perpetual trust		443,699	443,699	270,170
Total Nonoperating Revenues and Gains	3,532,918	1,071,739	4,604,657	2,997,053
Change in Net Assets	2,393,600	1,220,875	3,614,475	4,295,331
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	38,709,986	12,909,919	51,619,905	47,324,574
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 41,103,586	\$ 14,130,794	\$ 55,234,380	\$ 51,619,905

	I	Program Services	6	Supporting Services		es	Total		
	Youth and Family Programs	Young Adult Programs	Total	Management and General	Fundraising and Public Relations	Total	2024	2023	
Salaries	\$ 2,784,366	\$ 3,160,324	\$ 5,944,690	\$ 1,248,393	\$ 262,746	\$ 1,511,139	\$ 7,455,829	\$ 7,273,131	
Payroll taxes	256,622	339,442	596,064	61,525	22,894	84,419	680,483	681,689	
Fringe benefits	200,116	359,057	559,173	205,045	67,421	272,466	831,639	848,494	
Total personal services	3,241,104	3,858,823	7,099,927	1,514,963	353,061	1,868,024	8,967,951	8,803,313	
Professional fees and contracted services	11,420	50,170	61,590	494,288	153,036	647,324	708,914	585,427	
Participant scholarship/stipends	-	143,366	143,366	-	-	-	143,366	188,239	
Client needs and incentives	131,865	122,353	254,218	-	-	-	254,218	394,892	
Supplies	95,396	37,900	133,296	7,154	1,529	8,683	141,979	263,710	
Food	51,425	60,113	111,538	446	51,505	51,951	163,489	178,183	
Postage	238	143	381	1,845	79	1,924	2,305	3,704	
Printing and training materials	397	477	874	1,407	437	1,844	2,718	1,894	
Marketing and public relations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	120	
Occupancy	2,634	-	2,634	40,550	-	40,550	43,184	33,749	
Maintenance and repairs	31,706	67,855	99,561	44,400	3,069	47,469	147,030	155,267	
Equipment lease and rental	43,813	47,807	91,620	2,827	465	3,292	94,912	81,407	
Telephone	25,137	38,126	63,263	26,014	9,757	35,771	99,034	114,520	
Commercial insurance	72,988	170,067	243,055	15,743	6,202	21,945	265,000	277,683	
Staff travel and messenger	1,592	2,185	3,777	2,977	120	3,097	6,874	6,150	
Transportation	68,292	1,401	69,693	2,957	-	2,957	72,650	69,771	
Staff training and development	7,750	2,570	10,320	-	-	-	10,320	10,766	
Meetings, ads, dues, and subscriptions	32,613	33,861	66,474	59,886	20,508	80,394	146,868	112,722	
Bank fees and payroll charges	34,697	45,085	79,782	6,970	3,079	10,049	89,831	94,668	
Total expenses before depreciation	3,853,067	4,682,302	8,535,369	2,222,427	602,847	2,825,274	11,360,643	- 11,376,185	
Depreciation	34,170	34,170	68,340	34,171		34,171	102,511	177,228	
Total functional expenses	\$ 3,887,237	\$ 4,716,472	\$ 8,603,709	\$ 2,256,598	\$ 602,847	\$ 2,859,445	\$ 11,463,154	\$ 11,553,413	

See Notes to Financial Statements 5

	2024		 2023
Operating Activities			
Change in net assets	\$	3,614,475	\$ 4,295,331
Items not requiring (providing) operating cash flows			
Depreciation		102,511	177,228
Net realized and unrealized loss (gain) on investments		(4,203,283)	(2,622,763)
Gain on beneficial interest in perpetual trust		(443,699)	(270,170)
Changes in			
Grants receivable		1,045,544	(888, 182)
Contribution receivable		(34,795)	(95,163)
Prepaid expenses		48,826	(73,661)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		368,265	 (90,224)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		497,844	 432,396
Investing Activities			
Purchase of investments		(12,509,268)	(41,427,029)
Proceeds from sales of investments		12,551,594	41,322,909
Purchase of property and equipment		(72,562)	 (21,349)
		_	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(30,236)	(125,469)
Net Change in Cash		467,608	306,927
Cash, Beginning of Year		1,693,820	 1,386,893
Cash, End of Year	\$	2,161,428	\$ 1,693,820

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

New York City Mission Society (Society) operates as a not-for-profit social service organization. Since 1812, the Society has worked to end intergenerational poverty by building life-long educational capacity for New York's most vulnerable youth and families. Today, the Society provides thousands of young people and parents with a progressive suite of education and career readiness programs and counseling at their flagship building on Malcolm X Boulevard and 13 public school programs in Harlem, the Bronx, Brooklyn, and Chinatown. The Society is supported primarily by grants from government agencies, investment income, and contributions.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses gains, losses, and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

Uninvested cash and cash equivalents included in investment accounts, including endowment accounts, are not considered to be cash.

On June 30, 2024, the Society's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$2,200,000.

Investments

The Society measures securities, other than investments that qualify for the equity method of accounting, at fair value. Investments in real estate funds, private comingled funds, and hedge funds are recorded at net asset value (NAV), as a practical expedient, to determine fair value of the investments.

Investment Return

Investment return includes dividend, interest, and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value; and realized gains and losses on other investments, less external and direct internal investment expenses. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restrictions. Other investment return is reflected in the statement of activities with or without donor restrictions based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

The Society maintains pooled investment accounts for its endowments. Investment income and realized and unrealized gains and losses from securities in the pooled investment accounts are allocated monthly to the individual endowments based on the relationship of the fair value of the interest of each endowment to the total fair value of the pooled investment accounts, as adjusted for additions to or deductions from those accounts.

Grants Receivable

Grants receivable from government agencies are recorded when services are rendered or qualifying expenses are incurred. The Society determines whether an allowance for uncollectibles should be provided for grants receivable. Such estimates are based on management's assessment of the aged basis of its receivables, current economic conditions, subsequent collections, and historical information. Grants receivable are written off against the allowance for doubtful accounts when all reasonable collection efforts have been exhausted. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Society had no allowance for doubtful accounts.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment acquisitions over \$5,000 are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged to expense using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Building and improvements 3–50 years Equipment 3–5 years

Long-Lived Asset Impairment

The Society evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset is less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor restrictions.

Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions.

Net assets with donor restrictions are subject to donor or certain grantor restrictions. Some restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor or grantor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity but permit the Society to use or expend part or all of the income derived from the resources for either specified or unspecified purposes. Net assets with donor restrictions also include the Society's beneficial interest in a perpetual trust.

(With Summarized Financial Information as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023)

Contributions

Contributions are provided to the Society either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift Value Recognized Conditional gifts, with or without restriction Gifts that depend on the Society overcoming Not recognized until the gift becomes a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the unconditional, i.e., the donor-imposed barrier funds Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction Received at date of gift - cash and other Fair value assets Received at date of gift – property, equipment, Estimated fair value and long-lived assets Expected to be collected within one year Net realizable value Collected in future years Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method.

future cash flows technique

When a donor-stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment, and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, contributions receivable do not have any donor restrictions.

Gifts and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Grants from Government Agencies

Support funded by government agencies is recognized as the Society performs the contracted services or incurs outlays eligible for reimbursement under the grant agreements. Grant activities and outlays are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency and, as a result of such audit, adjustments could be required.

Income Taxes

The Society is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. The Society is also exempt from New York State and New York City income and sales taxes. However, the Society is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income.

The Society files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement of functional expenses presents the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited based on actual expenditures and cost allocations estimated by the Society's personnel based on square footage, time spent, and other methods.

Summarized Information

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Society's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023, from which the summarized information was derived.

Note 2. Grant Reimbursements Receivable and Future Commitments

The Society receives its grant support through periodic claims filed with the respective funding sources, not to exceed a limit specified in the funding agreement. Since the financial statements of the Society are prepared on the accrual basis, all earned portions of the grants not yet received as of June 30, 2024 have been recorded as receivables. The conditional contributions will be recognized as income once the qualifying expenses are incurred for the specific programs. The following are the grant commitments that extend beyond June 30, 2024:

Grant	Term	Grant Amount	Funds Earned and Forfeited Through 2024	Funding Available
Learn-to-work Power Academy Power Academy	07/01/2023 - 06/30/2025 07/01/2023 - 06/30/2026 07/01/2023 - 06/30/2025	\$ 8,794,203 1,128,000 6,600,838	\$ 4,415,102 376,000 2,943,479	\$ 4,379,101 752,000 3,657,359
Total		\$ 16,523,041	\$ 7,734,581	\$ 8,788,460

The funding agreements include certain clauses that allow them to be terminated in whole or in part by the funding agency as well as the Society.

Note 3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists of:

	2024	2023
Land	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000
Buildings and improvements	3,323,409	3,250,846
Equipment	898,961_	898,961_
	4,432,370	4,359,807
Less accumulated depreciation	3,883,611	3,781,099
	\$ 548,759	\$ 578,708

The Society leases space in accordance with the terms of the lease agreement (see Note 12).

Leased assets cost and accumulated depreciation at June 30 consists of:

	2	024	 2023
Buildings and improvements Less accumulated depreciation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	250,846 987,214	\$ 3,250,846 2,915,333
	\$	263,632	\$ 335,513

Note 4. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- **Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets

(With Summarized Financial Information as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023)

Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	2024 Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Total Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Signif Oth Obser Inpo (Leve	icant ier vable uts	Signifi Unobse Inpu (Leve	ervable ts
Mutual funds						
Equities	\$12,385,432	\$12,385,432	\$	-	\$	-
Fixed income	8,935,430	8,935,430		-		-
U.S. Treasuries	1,548,060	1,548,060				
	\$22,868,922	\$22,868,922	\$		\$	
Cash and cash equivalents	50,773					
Investments measured at net asset value (A)						
Hedge funds	6,705,739					
Private comingled funds	9,297,202					
Real estate fund	1,670,180					
Private equity/credit	3,386,363					
	21,059,484					
Total investments	\$43,979,179					

(With Summarized Financial Information as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023)

		2023 Fair Value Measurements Using					
	Total Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
Mutual funds							
Equities	\$11,070,353	\$11,070,353	\$ -	\$ -			
Fixed income	8,231,599	8,231,599	-	-			
U.S. Treasuries	745,463	745,463		<u> </u>			
	20,047,415	\$20,047,415	\$ -	\$ -			
Cash and cash equivalents	1,558,232						
Investments measured at net							
asset value (A) Hedge funds	7,939,364						
Private comingled funds	6,668,413						
Real estate fund	1,943,437						
Private equity/credit	1,661,361						
	18,212,575						
Total investments	\$39,818,222						
Beneficial interest in perpetual trust	\$ 6,246,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,246,862			

(A) In accordance with Subtopic 820-10, certain investments that are measured at fair value using NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. For assets classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, the process used to develop the reported fair value is described below.

Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models,

the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trust

Fair value is estimated at the present value of the future distributions expected to be received over the term of the agreement. Due to the nature of the valuation inputs, the interest is classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

Alternative Investments

Investments in certain entities measured at fair value using NAV per share as a practical expedient consist of the following:

		2024		
	Fair	Redemption	Redemption	Unfunded
	Value	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitments
Hedge funds (A)	\$ 6,705,739	Quarterly /Annually	30–120 days	
Private commingled funds (B)	9,297,202	Monthly/Quarterly/Annually	30–60 days	
Real estate fund (C)	1,670,180	Quarterly	60–90 days	457,500
Private equity/credit (D)	3,386,363	Illiquid	NA	3,955,258
	\$21,059,484			
		2023		
	Fair	Redemption	Redemption	Unfunded
	<u>Value</u>	Frequency	Notice Period	Commitments
Hedge funds (A)	\$ 7,939,364	Monthly/Quarterly	30–120 days	
Private commingled funds (B)	6,668,413	Monthly/Quarterly	2–60 days	
Real estate fund (C)	1,943,437	Daily/Quarterly	2–90 days	
Private equity/credit (D)	1,661,361	Illiquid	NA	\$ 2,133,332
	\$18,212,575			

- (A) This class includes investments in hedge fund strategies, including equity, fixed income, and global macro style strategies. The funds generally may invest in a wide variety of financial instruments, including derivatives. Valuations are measured at net asset value using practical expediency.
- (B) This class consists of investments in private fund vehicles which follow a long-only strategy in public markets, including equity and fixed income.
- (C) This class consists of investments in real estate private fund vehicles which typically hold a mix of commercial real estate property types and may include leverage.
- (D) This class consists of investments in drawdown vehicles which invest in equity or debt of private companies and call capital from the investor during the investment period while distributing proceeds during the harvest years. Expenses may be called outside of commitments.

Note 5. Beneficial Interest in Perpetual Trust

The Society is the beneficiary under a perpetual trust administered by an outside party. Under the terms of the trust, the Society has the irrevocable right to receive income earned on the trust assets in perpetuity, but never receives the assets held in trust. The estimated value of the expected future cash flows is \$6,690,561 and \$6,246,862, which represents the fair value of the trust assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The income from this trust for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$773,339 and \$556,469, respectively.

Note 6. Line of Credit

The Society has a \$500,000 revolving bank line of credit without a formal expiration date. There were no borrowings against this line. The line was collateralized by substantially all of the Society's assets. Interest was at the adjusted Prime Rate plus .25%, which was 8.75% and 8.5% at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Based on the renewal agreement, written notice will be provided to the Society when the financial institution decides to terminate the agreement.

Note 7. Net Assets

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

Net assets with donor restrictions at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are restricted for the following purposes:

	2024		2023	
Subject to Expenditure for Specified Purpose Renovations and aquaponic lab program Workforce reinvestment	\$	15,000 149,136	\$	15,000 <u>-</u>
		164,136		15,000
Endowments				
Subject to Appropriation and Expenditure When a Specified Event Occurs Restricted by donors for Scholarships Available for general use		1,342,689 3,767,000		1,342,689 3,767,000
		5,109,689		5,109,689
Subject to NFP Endowment Spending Policy and Appropriation Scholarships General operations Other		1,517,621 638,787 10,000		1,270,391 257,977 10,000
		2,166,408		1,538,368
Total Endowments		7,276,097		6,648,057
Not Subject to Spending Policy or Appropriation Beneficial interest in perpetual trust		6,690,561 4,130,794	\$	6,246,862 12,909,919

Net Assets Released from Restrictions

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes or by occurrence of other events specified by donors. Net assets released from restrictions for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$537,611 for mental health supports for children and employees. There were no net assets released from donor restriction for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 8. Endowment

The Society's Board of Directors has interpreted the *New York Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act* (NYPMIFA) as requiring preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. NYPMIFA moves away from the "historical dollar value" standard and permits charities to apply a spending policy to endowments based

on certain specified standards of prudence. The Society is now governed by the NYPMIFA spending policy, which establishes a standard maximum prudent spending limit of 7% of the average of its previous five years' balance. As a result of this interpretation, the Society classifies amounts in its donor-restricted endowment funds as net assets with donor restrictions because those net assets are time restricted until the governing body appropriates such amounts for expenditures. Most of those net assets also are subject to purpose restrictions that must be met before being reclassified as net assets without donor restrictions.

Additionally, in accordance with NYPMIFA, the Society considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. Duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. Purposes of the Society and the fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. Possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. Expected total return from investment income and appreciation or depreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Society
- 7. Investment policies of the Society

The Society's endowment consists of individual funds established for a variety of purposes. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), net assets associated with endowment funds, including board-designated endowment funds, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The composition of donor-restricted net assets by type of endowment fund at June 30, 2024 and 2023 were:

	 2024	 2023
Donor-restricted endowment funds		
Original donor-restricted gift amounts required		
to be maintained in perpetuity by donor	\$ 5,109,689	\$ 5,109,689
Accumulated investment gains	2,166,408	 1,538,368
Total endowment funds	\$ 7,276,097	\$ 6,648,057

Changes in donor-restricted endowment net assets for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were:

	 2024	 2023
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 6,648,057	\$ 6,222,597
Interest and dividend income	102,755	88,386
Net realized and unrealized gains	567,458	367,062
Investment fees	 (42,173)	 (29,988)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 7,276,097	\$ 6,648,057

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level the Society is required to retain as a fund of perpetual duration pursuant to donor stipulation or NYPMIFA. There were no deficiencies as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Society has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs and other items supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted endowment funds the Society must hold in perpetuity or for donor-specified periods. This objective assumes that withdrawals from the fund will average, long-term, no more than 6% of the fund's value over time. Generally, the Board will approve a spending policy limiting annual expenditures for grants and operating expenses to 5% to 7% of the value of fund assets based on a twelve (12) quarter rolling average. There were no appropriations in fiscal years 2024 and 2023. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

To satisfy its long-term rate of return objectives, the Society relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both current yield (investment income such as dividends and interest) and capital appreciation (both realized and unrealized). Under the Society's policies, endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

Underwater Endowments

The governing body of Society has interpreted NYPMIFA as not requiring the maintenance of purchasing power of the original gift amount contributed to an endowment fund, unless a donor stipulates the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, when reviewing its donor-restricted endowment funds, the Organization considers a fund to be underwater if the fair value of the fund is less than the sum of:

- the original value of initial and subsequent gift amounts donated to the fund and
- any accumulations to the fund that are required to be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument.

The Organization has interpreted NYPMIFA to permit spending from underwater funds in accordance with the prudent measures required under the law.

Note 9. Liquidity and Availability

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of June 30, 2024 and 2023, comprise the following:

	2024	2023
Financial assets		
Cash	\$ 2,161,428	\$ 1,693,820
Grants receivable	2,598,648	3,644,192
Contribution receivable	165,533	130,738
Investments	43,979,179	39,818,222
	48,904,788	45,286,972
Donor-imposed restrictions		
Purpose restricted and endowment funds	(7,440,233)	(6,663,057)
Net financial assets available to meet cash needs for general expenditures within one year	\$ 41,464,555	\$ 38,623,915

The Society manages its liquidity and reserves following three guiding principles: operating within a prudent range of financial soundness and stability, maintaining adequate liquid assets to fund near-term operating needs, and maintaining sufficient reserves to provide reasonable assurance that long-term obligations will be discharged. The Society forecasts its future cash flows and monitors its liquidity.

Note 10. Retirement Plan

403(b) Plan

The Society has a 403(b) plan that covers eligible employees. Effective July 1, 2018, the Society's match of elective deferrals of compensation was amended to an annual discretionary match for all full-time employees who have worked for the Society for at least three months. Effective January 1, 2023, the Society amended its adoption agreement to a safe harbor nonelective contribution plan to make a nonelective contributions in an amount determined each year based on a percentage of compensation. Effective January 2023, the nonelective contribution was 5%. In addition, in 2023, a one-time discretionary match of 5% was made to all eligible staff retroactively based on their prior year salaries in the total amount of \$202,533. The expense related to this plan for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, was \$251,462 and \$375,052, respectively.

Note 11. Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Grants

Approximately 100% and 85% of all grants receivable was due from two governmental agencies at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and approximately 96% and 98% of all grant revenues were from three and two governmental agencies for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Litigation

The Society is subject to other claims and lawsuits that arose primarily in the ordinary course of its activities. While certain amounts have been recorded for possible losses, it is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the statement of financial position, change in net assets, and cash flows of the Society. Events could occur that would change this estimate materially in the near term.

Investments

The Society invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities can occur in the near term and that such change could materially affect the amounts reported in the accompanying statement of financial position.

Note 12. Occupancy Income

Commencing October 1, 2021, the Society entered into a lease agreement for space and facilities management services. The corresponding income was \$ 1,212,226 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2024 were:

2025		1,208,039
2026		1,228,689
2027		308,471
		_
	\$	2,745,199

Note 13. Contributed Nonfinancial Services

For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, contributed nonfinancial services recognized within the statement of activities included pro-bono legal services in the amounts of \$392,305 and \$162,008, respectively.

The nonfinancial services listed above were recognized within revenue. Unless otherwise noted, contributed nonfinancial services did not have donor-imposed restrictions.

New York City Mission Society Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024 (With Summarized Financial Information as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023)

The Society estimates the fair value of contributed legal services based on current rates for similar legal services in the United States. Contributions of services are recognized as revenue at their estimated fair value only when the services received create or enhance nonfinancial assets or require specialized skills possessed by the individuals providing the service and the service would typically need to be purchased if not donated.

Note 14. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 18, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.